RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION POLICY AND DISCLOSURE

1. Objective

The Policy has been formulated to regulate transactions between the Bank and its Related Parties based on the laws and guidelines applicable to the Bank. The main objective of the Policy is to determine the materiality of related party transactions and the dealings with related party transaction and is intended to ensure proper approval and reporting of transactions between the Bank and its Related Parties.

DEFINITIONS

a) “Arm’s length transaction” “Arm’s length transaction” means a transaction as defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and includes transaction between two related parties that is conducted as if they were unrelated, so that there is no conflict of interest.

b) “Associate” means an enterprise in which the Bank has significant influence and which is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture of the Bank.

c) “Control” shall have the same meaning as defined in SEBI (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011.

d) “Joint Venture” means a contractual arrangement whereby two or more parties undertake an economic activity which is subject to joint control.

e) “Key Managerial Personnel” means
i) The Managing Director & Chief Executive Officer appointed under the Nationalized Banks (Management And Miscellaneous Provisions) Scheme, 1980;
ii) Whole-time director;
iii) Chief Financial Officer;
iv) Company Secretary / Board Secretary; and
v) such other officer as may be prescribed;

f) “Manager” (as defined under Companies Act, 2013) shall mean an individual who, subject to the superintendence, control and direction of the Board of Directors, has the management of the whole, or substantially the whole, of the affairs of a company, and includes a director or any other person occupying the position of a manager, by whatever name called, whether under a contract of service or not

g) “Material Related Party Transaction” for the purpose of the policy means a transaction with a related party if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds ten percent of the annual consolidated turnover (Business) of the Bank as per the last audited financial statements of the Bank.

h) “Office or place of profit” means any office or place
i. where such office or place is held by a director, if the director holding it receives from the Bank anything by way of remuneration over and above the remuneration to which he is entitled as director, by way of salary, fee, commission, perquisites, any rent-free accommodation, or otherwise;

ii. where such office or place is held by an individual other than a director or by any firm, private company or other body corporate, if the individual, firm, private company or body corporate holding it receives from the Bank anything by way of remuneration, salary, fee, commission, perquisites, any rent-free accommodation, or otherwise.

i) "Policy" means Policy on Related Party Transactions.

j) "Related Party" as per Listing Regulations is defined as:

An entity shall be considered as related to the company if:

i. such an entity is a related party under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013; or

ii. such an entity is a related party under the applicable accounting standards.

“Related Party” as defined under Section 2(76) of the Companies Act, 2013 is as follows:

i) a director or his relative;

ii) a key managerial personnel or his relative;

iii) a firm, in which a director of the Bank or his relative is a partner;

iv) a private company in which a director of the Bank is a member or director;

v) a public company in which a director or manager of the Bank is a director or holds along with his relatives, more than two per cent of its paid-up share capital;

vi) any body corporate whose Board of Directors, managing director, or manager is accustomed to act in accordance with the advice, directions or instructions of a director of the Bank;

vii) any person under whose advice, directions or instructions a director or manager is accustomed to act:

Provided that nothing in sub-clauses (vi) and (vii) shall apply to the advice, directions or instructions given in a professional capacity;

viii) any company which is –

• a subsidiary or an associate company of the Bank; or

• a subsidiary of the holding company to which it is also a subsidiary;

ix) such other person as may be prescribed;

Accounting Standard – 18 Para 3: This Standard deals only with related party relationships described in (a) to (e) below:

(a) enterprises that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the reporting enterprise (this includes holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries);

(b) associates and joint ventures of the reporting enterprise and the investing party or venturer in respect of which the reporting enterprise is an associate or a joint venture;
(c) individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the reporting enterprise that gives them control or significant influence over the enterprise, and relatives of any such individual;

(d) key management personnel and relatives of such personnel; and

(e) enterprises over which any person described in (c) or (d) is able to exercise significant influence. This includes enterprises owned by directors or major shareholders of the reporting enterprise and enterprises that have a member of key management in common with the reporting enterprise.

Accounting Standard – 18 -Para 10.1: Related party - parties are considered to be related if at any time during the reporting period one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and/or operating decisions.

k) “Related Party Transaction” means transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Bank and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged. A “transaction” with a related party shall be construed to include a single transaction or a group of transactions in a contract.

l) “Relative” means and includes anyone who is related to another, if – i) They are members of a Hindu undivided family; ii) They are husband and wife; or iii) Father (including step-father) iv) Mother (including step-mother) v) Son (including step-son) vi) Son’s wife vii) Daughter viii) Daughter’s husband ix) Brother (including step-brother) x) Sister (including step-sister)

m) “Subsidiary” As per the Companies Act 2013, “subsidiary company” or “subsidiary”, in relation to any other company (that is to say the holding company), means a company in which the holding company—(i) controls the composition of the Board of Directors; or (ii) exercises or controls more than one-half of the total share cap

4. Disclosures

Pursuant to requirements of Listing Regulations, the Bank is required to disclose to the Stock Exchanges the details of all material transactions with related parties quarterly along with the compliance report on Corporate Governance. Necessary disclosures shall be made in the Annual Financial Statements as required under AS 18 and RBI guidelines. Further, as required Listing regulation, necessary details of all materially significant related party transactions’, which may have potential conflict
with the interests of the Bank at large, shall also be also given in ‘Report on Corporate Governance’ section in Annual Report of the Bank. The Policy on dealing with Related Party Transactions is also required to be disclosed on Bank’s website and a web link thereto should be provided in the Annual Report of the Bank.

The Reserve Bank of India vide its Master Circular No. DBOD.BP.BC No.8/21.04.018/2014-15 dated July 1, 2015 on Disclosure in Financial Statements - Notes to Accounts, has provided detailed guidance to Banks in the matter of disclosures in the ‘Notes to Accounts’ to the Financial Statements. The Accounting Standard 18 relating to Related Party Disclosures is applicable for reporting related party relationships and transactions between a reporting enterprise and its related parties. The illustrative disclosure format of disclosure by banks for the AS 18 is annexed as Annexure -1. The Disclosures shall be made in accordance with this Policy.

5. Policy

All Related Party Transactions must be reported to the Audit Committee and referred for approval of the Audit Committee in accordance with this Policy.

5.1 Type of Transactions to be covered

As per the Companies Act 2013, the following transactions will be covered under this Policy:

a) Sale, purchase or supply of any goods or materials;
b) Selling or otherwise disposing of, or buying, property of any kind;
c) Leasing of property of any kind;
d) Availing or rendering of any services;
e) Appointment of any agent for purchase or sale of goods, materials, services or property etc.
f) Such related party’s appointment to any office or place of profit in the Bank, its subsidiary company or associate company;
g) Underwriting the subscription of any securities or derivatives thereof, of the Bank.

Pursuant to Listing Regulations, the following transactions shall also be covered – Transfer of resources, services or obligations between the Bank and a related party, regardless of whether a price is charged.

Pursuant to RBI Guidelines on Disclosure in Financial Statements - Notes to Accounts (Accounting Standard 18), the following transactions will be covered such as:

i) Borrowings
ii) Deposit
iii) Placement of deposits
iv) Advances
v) Investments
vi) Non-funded commitments
vii) Leasing/HP arrangements availed
viii) Leasing/HP arrangements provided
ix) Purchase of fixed assets
x) Sale of fixed assets
xi) Interest paid
xii) Interest received
xiii) Rendering of services
xiv) Receiving of services
xv) Management contracts

5.2 Identification of potential Related Party Transactions

Each Director and Key Managerial Personnel is responsible for providing notice to the Board or the Audit Committee, any potential Related Party Transaction involving him or her or his or her Relative, including any additional information about the transaction that the Board/ Audit Committee may reasonably request. The Audit Committee will determine whether the transaction does, in fact, constitute a Related Party Transaction requiring compliance with this policy.

The notice of any such potential Related Party Transaction should be given to the Board/Audit Committee well in advance so that the Audit Committee has adequate time to obtain and review information about the proposed transaction.

5.3 Procedure for seeking approval of Related Party Transactions

As and when any transaction is contemplated with any Related Party which requires approval of Audit Committee of the Board, the concerned office entertaining the request shall submit to the Company Secretary/Board Secretariat at Corporate Office as and when it arises, the details of proposed transaction with details/draft contract/draft agreement or other supporting documents justifying that the transactions are on “arms length basis” in an ordinary course of business at prevailing market rate. Based on this, the Board Secretariat shall appropriately take it up for necessary prior approvals from the Audit Committee at its next meeting and convey back the decision to the originator.

The Board Secretariat shall maintain records indicating particulars of all contracts or arrangements and thereafter the same shall be placed before the next meeting of the Board.

5.3.1 Omnibus Approval of Related Party Transactions

All Related Party Transactions shall require prior approval of Audit Committee. However, the Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for Related Party Transactions proposed to be entered into by the Bank subject to the following conditions:

a) The Audit Committee shall lay down the criteria for granting the omnibus approval in line with the Policy on Related Party Transactions and such approval shall be applicable in respect of transactions which are repetitive in nature.
b) The Audit Committee shall satisfy itself the need for such omnibus approval and that such approval is in the interest of the Bank;
c) Such omnibus approval shall specify (i) the name/s of the related party, nature of transaction, period of transaction, maximum amount of transaction that shall be entered into, (ii) the indicative base price / current contracted price and the formula for variation in the price if any and (iii) such other conditions as the Audit Committee may deem fit;
Provided that where the need for Related Party Transaction cannot be foreseen and aforesaid details are not available, Audit Committee may grant omnibus approval for such transactions subject to their value not exceeding Rs.1 crore per transaction.
d) Audit Committee shall review, at least on a quarterly basis, the details of RPTs entered into by the Bank pursuant to each of the omnibus approval given.
e) Such omnibus approvals shall be valid for a period not exceeding one year and shall require fresh approvals after the expiry of one year.

5.3.2 Material Related Party Transactions

All Material Related Party Transactions shall require prior approval of the shareholders through resolution and the related parties shall abstain from voting on such resolutions whether the entity is a related party to the particular transaction or not.
Provided that provisions under regulation 23 (5) of LODR shall not be applicable in the following cases i.e. The following related party transactions shall not require the approval of Audit Committee /Board/shareholders: (i) transactions entered into between two government companies; (ii) transactions entered into between a holding company and its wholly owned subsidiary whose accounts are consolidated with such holding company and placed before the shareholders at the general meeting for approval.

Explanation: Government company(ies) shall have the same meaning as defined in Section 2(45) of the Companies Act, 2013.

5.4 Review and Approval of Related Party Transactions

Related Party Transactions will be referred to the next regularly scheduled meeting of Audit Committee for review and approval. Any member of the Committee who has a potential interest in any Related Party Transaction will recluse himself or herself and abstain from discussion and voting on the approval of the Related Party Transaction.

To review a Related Party Transaction, the Committee will be provided with all relevant material information of the Related Party Transaction, including the terms of the transaction, the business purpose of the transaction, the benefits to the Bank and to the Related Party, and any other relevant matters. In determining whether to approve a Related Party Transaction, the Committee will consider the following factors, among others, to the extent relevant to the Related Party Transaction:
Whether the terms of the Related Party Transaction are fair and on arms length basis to the Bank and would apply on the same basis if the transaction did not involve a Related Party;

Whether there are any compelling business reasons for the Bank to enter into the Related Party Transaction and the nature of alternative transactions, if any;

Whether the Related Party Transaction would affect the independence of an independent director;

Whether the proposed transaction includes any potential reputational risk issues that may arise as a result of or in connection with the proposed transaction;

Whether the Bank was notified about the Related Party Transaction before its commencement and if not, why pre-approval was not sought and whether subsequent ratification is allowed and would be detrimental to the Bank; and

Whether the Related Party Transaction would present an improper conflict of interest for any director or Key Managerial Personnel of the Bank, taking into account the size of the transaction, the overall financial position of the Director, Chief Executive Officer or other Related Party, the direct or indirect nature of the Director’s, Key Managerial Personnel’s or other Related Party’s interest in the transaction and the ongoing nature of any proposed relationship and any other factors the Board/Committee deems relevant.

If the Committee determines that a Related Party Transaction should be brought before the Board, or if the Board in any case decides to review any such matter or it is mandatory under any law for Board to approve the Related Party Transaction, then the considerations set forth above shall apply to the Board’s review and approval of the matter, with such modification as may be necessary or appropriate under the circumstances.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the following Related Party Transactions shall be having standing pre approval from Audit Committee:

a) Director or KMP remuneration: Any transaction that involves providing of compensation to a Director or Key Managerial Personnel in connection with his or her duties to the Bank or any of its subsidiaries or associates, including the reimbursement of reasonable business and travel expenses incurred in the ordinary course of business.

b) Transactions where shareholders receive proportional benefits: Any transaction in which the Related Party’s interest arises solely from ownership of securities issued by the Bank and all holders of such securities receive the same benefits pro rata as the Related Party.
c) Any transactions (loans and deposits) that involves the employees (Related party) in the capacity of employee and related employee benefits.

d) Any transactions undertaken between the two Government owned companies / banks / public sector undertakings / holding and subsidiary companies in normal course of business including the commission and other services charges paid / received in the normal course of business.

6 Secrecy Provisions

In terms of paragraph 5 of Accounting Standard 18, the disclosure requirements do not apply in circumstances when providing such disclosures would conflict with the reporting enterprise’s duties of confidentiality as specifically required in terms of statute, by regulator or similar competent authority. In terms of Paragraph 6 of Accounting Standard 18, in case a statute or the RBI or SEBI prohibits the Banks from disclosing certain information which is required to be disclosed, non-disclosure of such information would not be deemed as non-compliance with the requirements of Accounting Standard 18. It is clear from the above that on account of the judicially recognized common law duty of the banks to maintain the confidentiality of the customer details, they need not make such disclosures. In view of the above, where the disclosures under the Accounting Standards are not aggregated disclosures in respect of any category of related party i.e., where there is only one entity in any category of related party, banks need not disclose any details pertaining to that related party other than the relationship with that related party.

7. Related Party Transactions without the prior approval under this Policy

In the event the Bank becomes aware of a Related Party Transaction with a Related Party that has not been approved under this Policy prior to its consummation, the matter shall be reviewed by the Committee. The Committee shall consider all the relevant facts and circumstances regarding the Related Party Transaction and shall evaluate all options available to the Bank, including ratification, revision or termination of the Related Party Transaction. The Committee shall also examine the facts and circumstances pertaining to the failure of reporting such Related Party Transaction to the Committee under this Policy, and shall take any such action it deems appropriate.

In any case, where the Committee determines not to ratify a Related Party Transaction that has been commenced without approval, the Committee, as appropriate, may direct additional actions including, but not limited to, immediate discontinuation or rescission of the transaction.

In connection with any review of a Related Party Transaction, the Audit Committee has the final authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.
8. Preservation of Records relating to Related Party Transactions:

All disclosures, supporting documents shall be preserved for a period of eight years from the end of the financial year to which it relates and shall be kept in the custody of the Board Secretariat, Corporate Office, for the purpose. This Policy will be communicated to all operational employees and other concerned persons of the Bank by the Board Secretariat.

9. Policy Review

This Policy is revised based on the provisions of Listing Regulations. In case of any subsequent changes in the provisions of the Listing Regulations or any other applicable laws, the Policy would be modified/ reviewed to make it consistent with applicable law and such review note shall be placed by Board Secretariat/Investor Relation Cell and shall be reviewed by the Audit Committee, as and when any changes are to be incorporated in the Policy due to change in law, rule, regulation or standard or as may be deemed appropriate by the Audit Committee.

In connection with any review of a Related Party Transaction, the Audit Committee has the final authority to modify or waive any procedural requirements of this Policy.
Annexure 1

Format for Related Party Disclosures

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Items / Related Party</th>
<th>Parent (as per ownership or control)</th>
<th>Subsidiaries</th>
<th>Associates/ Joint Ventures</th>
<th>KMP@</th>
<th>Relatives of KMP</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Borrowings#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Deposit#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Placement of deposits#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Advances#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Investments#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non funded commitments#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leasing arrangements availed#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Leasing arrangements provided#</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Purchase of fixed assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sale of fixed assets</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest paid</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interest received</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rendering of services*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Receiving of services*</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Note: Where there is only one entity in any category of related party, banks need not disclose any details pertaining to that related party other than the relationship with that related party
* Contract services etc. and not services like remittance facilities, locker facilities etc.
@ Whole time directors of the Board and CEOs of the branches of foreign banks in India.
# The outstanding at the year-end and the maximum during the year are to be disclosed.
Annexure II

Format of declaration to be given by Connected persons/KMP/Related Party & Relatives

I __________________________ son/daughter/spouse of
resident of ______________________being a Connected Person/Key Managerial Personnel(KMP)/relative of Connected person or KMP/ related party in the company hereby give notice of my interest of concern in the following company or companies, bodies corporate, firms or other association of individuals/transactions :-

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Name of the Companies/BodyCorporate/Firms/Association of Individuals</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>The name of the related party and nature of relationship.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>The nature, duration of the contract and particulars of the contract or arrangement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Nature of transaction</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>Material terms of the contract or arrangement including the value, if any</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>Any advance paid or received for the contract or arrangement, if any.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>Manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms both included as part of contract and not considered as part of the contract.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>Whether all factors relevant to the contract have been considered, if not, the details of factors not considered with the rationale for not considering those factors.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>Whether arm's length transaction.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>Whether as per approved scheme of the Bank</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>Any other information relevant or important for the Board to take a decision on the proposed transaction.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Signature:____________________
Date:____________________
Designation:____________________
FORMAT OF INFORMATION ON RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

Name of related party, relationship and nature of facilities:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sl no.</th>
<th>Name of related party</th>
<th>Nature of relationship (KMP, relatives of KMP)</th>
<th>Nature of facilities (Eg: advances, deposits, Others)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

A) Transactions of routine and repetitive nature:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nature of Transactions</th>
<th>Balance o/s as on reporting date (in lakhs)</th>
<th>ROI charges / provided</th>
<th>Applicable ROI for similar type of transaction</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>■ Deposits</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>■ Advances</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>■ Other services/contracts</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Whether staff rate and whether eligible

Special concessions, if any

Whether at arm’s length

B) Transactions not covered under (A) and up to a monetary limit of Rs.1 cr per transaction

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nature of Transactions</th>
<th>Volume of transactions during the reporting period (Rs. In lakhs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

Special concessions, if any

Whether at arm’s length

C) Material Transactions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Nature of Transactions</th>
<th>Volume of transactions during the reporting period (Rs. In lakhs)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

*in case of multiple accounts separate sheets may be attached

**e.g. Lockers, lease agreements, service contracts etc.

I/We hereby confirm that the transactions entered into by me/us/my relatives with the Bank were at arms’ length and no special benefits have accrued to me/us/relatives.

I/We also confirm that all transactions which are in the purview of the Related Party Transaction have been reported by me.

(Signature/Authorised signatory)